

## Attachment B

### Criteria For Measuring Success At Achieving Management Objectives Wolverine Creek Management Committee

Management Objective	Guideline #	Criteria for Measuring Success
<p><b>1. No food-conditioning of bears</b></p> <p>Bears are creatures of habit and will continue to seek out food from the same sources once they have attained it. Bears that perceive humans as a food source can be aggressive toward people, putting visitors at risk. A food-conditioned bear will eventually have to be destroyed.</p>	1, 3-9	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Number of events that bears get fish, garbage, or food from people (includes both fish on a line or in possession).</li> <li>2) Number of incidents that angling attracts a bear to pursue struggling fish.</li> <li>3) Number of incidents that fish were cleaned and guts deposited in the cove.</li> <li>4) Number of bears shot in Defense of Life &amp; Property (DLP).</li> </ol>
<p><b>2. Minimize displacement of bears during summer</b></p> <p>The summer season is a critical time for bears to feed and put on weight, which will help them survive the winter. It's important that bears aren't displaced from feeding areas during this time. Also, displaced bears can react aggressively toward visitors.</p>	2, 5, 6, 11	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Number of incidents that visitors actively displace bears from cove.</li> <li>2) Number of incidents that visitors are walking on the shoreline within the cove or shoreline.</li> <li>3) Number of aggressive encounters between visitors and bears.</li> <li>4) Number of bears using the area; significant changes in bear use of area.</li> </ol>

Management Objective	Guideline #	Criteria for Measuring Success
<p><b>3. Minimize negative impacts to fish and wildlife habitat</b></p> <p>Wolverine Creek lies within the Redoubt Bay Critical Habitat Area, which was established to ensure the protection of fish and wildlife habitat and populations within its boundaries. ADF&amp;G has a responsibility to uphold this designation, and maintain the quality of the habitats within the area.</p>	6, 8, 10, 11	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Meters of shoreline and islands impacted by boat storage and retrieval.</li> <li>2) Escapement in Wolverine Creek</li> <li>3) Count number and type of visitors by day and by hour.</li> <li>4) Number of incidents of human waste deposit in the cove outside of the latrine.</li> </ol>
<p><b>4. Maintain recreational opportunities in a high-quality environment</b></p> <p>The Redoubt Bay Critical Habitat Area was also established to provide general recreation in a high quality environment. The Management Plan defines “high quality” as “a natural landscape containing native plant communities; a full complement of native fish and wildlife species in their naturally occurring diversity and abundance; pristine air and water quality; an absence or only incidental occurrence of man-made noise and structure; and dispersed, low-intensity, seasonal public use.”</p>	1 - 11	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Phone or in person interview of a random sample of visitors measuring satisfaction, crowding impacts, and noise-level.</li> <li>2) Number and type of complaints related to quality of recreational experience.</li> </ol>
<p><b>5. Promote public safety</b></p> <p>While this isn’t stated directly within the policies of the Redoubt Bay Critical Habitat Area , ADF&amp;G has an intrinsic interest in visitor safety.</p>	1-9, 11	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Number of incidents reported that bears threatened visitors.</li> <li>2) Number of incidents causing injuries, and their causes.</li> </ol>
<p><b>6. Minimize conflicts among visitors</b></p> <p>The Redoubt Bay Critical Habitat Area Management Plan directs ADF&amp;G to maintain access to this area for different types of use, and minimizing conflicts between users helps to maintain access for all users.</p>	1-11	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Number of reported negative encounters between users.</li> </ol>