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LOWER KUSKOKWIM ADVISORY COMMITTEE
STATE OF ALASKA
DEPARTMENT OF FISH & GAME
NOVEMBER 1ST- 3RD, 2012

Call to Order by 9:45A, Chairman James Charles

Roll Call/ Establish Quorum: Alissa Joseph, Western Regional Coordinator

Present: Jackson Williams, Akiak
Mike Riley, Bethel
John W. Andrew, Kwethluk
William Brown, Eek
Chuck Chaliak, Nunapitchak
Sandra Nichori, Kwethluk
James Charles, Nunapitchak
George Billy, Napaskiak
John Nicholas, Kasigluk
Willie Phillip, Tuluksak
Phillip K. Peter, Kongiganak

Motion to approve agenda- , 2nd- Mike Riley

Approval of agenda, Motion by- Phillip Peter, 2nd- Jackson Williams, unanimously passed

October 26th, 2011- Meeting minutes are approved and tabled till next meeting. John Andrew-
Motion 2nd-Chaliak, unanimously passed

Privileged Motions for the proposals or any actions items in the meeting. Chairman James Charles explains Privileged Motions for action items for proposals.

Introductions: Lower Kuskokwim

Guests: Doug Molynox, Brandon Chapman, Alex Nick-OSM, Moses Owen-Akiak Ira Council, Jack Beaver- Kwigillingok, Henry Tikiun, Sr.- Atmauthluak

LKAC In-house Business:

Alaska Board of Fisheries:

I. Board of Fisheries News, updates and meetings for Kuskokwim.

II. Frequently asked questions from Governor Sean Parnell.

Questions were called, Chairman James Charles

Jackson Willilams stated 1960 it was a very cold in the winter just like this past winter. He and his father went drifting- nothing. Next day they did the same thing @ Akiachak fishing areas, still nothing... After that date there was abundant fish from that day on. Then he obtained a commercial fishing license using 60 meshes. The drift yielded no pulling of floaters but when he pulled in his net, he had caught some fish; but they were all toward the bottom of the net. He caught about 40 the first drift. Also, he saw full fish rack and upon questioner. They had put a net that happened to be where the fish were running. Right place at the right time.

Zacharia Chaliak, How about the fishers that trolly? Drag the bottom of the fish, he heard that in dragging the bottom, maybe they are destroying the food source of the fish.

Refer question to Travis Ellison (Answer in Meeting Report)

Chuck brought up gear from fishing, smaller mesh size; there were a couple of elders from this group, Akiachak and John Peter from Tuluksak. Those guys forecasted what the returns were going to be, the returns are not going to be like it use to be, because they forecasted the returns to be lower. Unimak pass, because those fish get together over there. Some going to Yukon, Kuskokwim and Bristol Bay. They forecasted that those fish that are milling in front of the rivers that re going up to spawn... little fish and little eggs were being seen.

Travis Ellison, ADF&G Comm. Fish Area Manager Biologist - Unimak pass is where area M is located. From what I understand, most of their catch is chum and sockeye. From the little we understand from Chinook movements in the ocean: Norton Sound, Yukon and Kuskokwim; salmon spends most of their life in the Bering Sea. The current understanding in the fishery is that it is very slow the Kuskokwim. There is still a concern about the chum salmon and with the chum returning into the Kuskokwim. Using genetics that are caught in area m and all of our entire western commercial districts that use genetics; this is for sockeye and chum salmon. This is called the Alaska Western Salmon Stock Incident. The department will be available in the next few months. We should have a better understanding of the salmon, but we don't have answers.

Jackson Williams- There are interception problems with returning fish. Why are they not doing anything there, but we are being penalized for those results locally. The studies will be released in several months, will be interesting! I went to this October 22-23 in Anchorage. I was glad that they had the funding for me to attend. At least like what chuck (Zachariah Chaliak) had mention. My understanding with these troller's, I try my best from my past experience in the 80's-90's. A steady run use to be by looking at our chart, interception I started to notice on the Kuskokwim. There is no longer a steady run. Some days that you catch and some you don't catch. I know the interception keeps happening, to this very day. I try my vest everyday for the people and with the people like scientists. While the interception is going on, I'll say on my part and "They have so much chinook they are taking and we should focus on letting them do that, I was trying to make the October 22-23 meeting in anchorage, to say my point of view, because we are the ones that are hurting really bad."

Travis Ellison: *I would like to addresses Mr. Jackson's concerns, first by answer Zachariah (Chuck) Chaliak's.*

Jet Boats: There have been a few studies done, specifically if jet boats are affecting salmon eggs. There hasn't been any impact that jet boats are affecting the salmon eggs.

Trollers: As far as the by catch issue that we have seen was in 2007 (120,000 Chinook), high sees fisheries 2009 the limit was reduced to 65 thousand and at that point the fisheries close. As part of that agreement they included that incentive for the fisherman for the Chinook salmon than 65 thousand. 2007 the by catch was greatly reduced. Then 2007 (...) they are from all over the western pacific rim from Norton sound all the way down to California: Alaska, South East Alaska, Oregon, Washington, California. We don't know exactly how many are from what area. 17 thousand fish and divided it to that large area. Even if you Norton Sound, Bristol Bay, and Kuskokwim. It would only be a few thousand that are coming back to the Kuskokwim River, in additionally they aren't coming back this year. They are coming back in the survival. If the high seas fishery and there was no more by catch. It may save a few Chinook in the Kuskokwim. Just that issue alone is not fun to solve the return of the salmon returns. It's become evident that seeing all around the state of low returns, in more related than mother earth is doing to the chinook than the salmon. (Alex Nick translates)

John Nicholas How is the Alaska King Salmon returns determined? There is a 10-12 ear cycle where there is high and low fluctuation returns.

Travis Ellison Well I think overall the kings salmon stock statewide is healthy and sustainable. We see a trend of fluctuating abundances that seem to be on a 10 year pattern. There are really low and periods of high returns and in the Kuskokwim 99-2003 and very high 2004-2007 and it continued lower in 2008-09 and were normal years 2010-lowerst we have seen 2011- a little bigger, 2012- same as 2011 or. 2012 statewide, we have seen the lowest returns overall in Alaska. Nushagak did have a good return in chinook returns last year. The fishery scientists, we have been managing conservatively, catching small portion of Chinook salmon than potential returns. Overall we are in a low abundance for the 2012 salmon return. (Alex Nick Translates)

William Charlie Brown- In regards to the Japanese earthquake, on the TV he saw liquids going into the ocean and scientific studies he has a concern about this. Salmon migration route if it goes through Japanese disaster.

Travis Ellison- Western Alaska, they stay in the Bering sea according to studies, I know there was a lot of concern about the earthquake and tsunami, currently we don't think that it is having an impact on survival or (...) The Pacific Ocean is so large that radiation gets diluted that doesn't impact anything. That is the current understanding right now.

Mike Riley- Contamination from Japanese. Has there been a study out there with a water, gas, oil being dumped in the Bering sea that effects the salmon out there.

Travis Ellison- I'm not aware of a study out there.

William Charlie Brown- James said that they were asking for governor's last response what was going to ask for a disaster relief for the area. In regards to Governor Parnell's declaration.

Travis Ellison- Well the debris has started to make it's way to the Alaska coast line and we can't or I can't think personally that the determinably effects on salmon survival. It's just chucks of plastic, boats, it all sorts of things that are just floating around in the ocean and salmon can swim around all of those things. Difference in the debris stay together and float around till it washes up in the ocean. And senator Begich is trying to get funding to clean up. For radiation it disperses in the water and acts differently in the water.

Peter Phillip- Does not affect not only the subsistence user but also the commercial fisherman. CVRF buys the King Salmon. The up-river fish buyer will not buy the kings salmon. The fish

processors should buy all types of fish, like previously. The mesh size changes should also be looked at again. In his late father's time, he struck one type of net and when the run changed he would change to different smaller mesh size accordance to the current type of fish that is running. Where will people be able to apply for fishery disaster applications Apply mainly for commercial fisheries, but does not or may be applied to subsistence user

I guess where the last question was about where to get the federal disaster relief.

John W. Andrew- Should speed up the process.

Travis Ellison- I don't have the exact information and I think it is still being processed. The disaster declaration falls under the Magnusson Stevens act, for disasters in the commercial fisheries. As it is written right now it is not written for subsistence. Murkowski is trying to apply that disaster to help fisherman, another thing that needs to be done and us congress has to allocate the money.

James Charles- People need to go see is AVCP.

William Charlie Brown- Disaster relief for the fisherman?

Travis Ellison-Mr. Chairman kind of as I said earlier; it is unclear that the disaster relief will help subsistence fisherman. Murkowski and Begich indicated that they are trying to help fisherman. Although through the law the disaster relief only address commercial fishery, don't know if this will help.

Zacharia (Chuck) Chaliak- This summarized 2012, the subsistence was closed too early. AVCP should begin the process of getting disaster relief under way. Since the Magnusson act passed over the commercial fishery is it possible to include subsistence fishery disaster in the fishery disaster?

Travis Ellison- It is understood that it is more in reference to AVCP.

Cassie Stockdale, AVCP- We are still working on the disaster relief act for subsistence fisherman, one thing was that the governor would try to figure out how much would be adequate. The studies are running to find out how they disasters are affecting people. A dollar value to subsistence foods that would be equivalent. Subsistence division does have the concern for pounds per wild foods, to try and get an estimate. They will request for funding and try to, that can go directly to the communities (...) AVCP and Tanana Chief council, disasters were the same from Yukon and Kuskokwim. People were saying they didn't have access to the management size mesh. AVCP and Tanana would like to add that to purchase nets if possible for that small mesh gear. Trying to study what is best some hear 6" and some 4" mesh and someone have on or the other; trying to help people with this problem.

John Nicholas If the "agencies" would follow our advice and follow our recommendations the fisheries would be different today. To those of us local fisheries we know the area and know the runs. His wish is to work together this year. He has no salt fish and has only 5 frozen king salmon in his freezer to get him through the whole winter.

Travis Ellison- I know it appears that ADF&G doesn't listen to elders, I do my best work with and consideration of the Elder's advice. He does have regulations that they have to abide by. It is difficult position to try and do both to meet escapement goals and listen to the local people as well. This year establish for escapement goals, 2007 goals for the Kuskokwim River, we were held to hold those goals by ADF&G, USFW, and state law. Later on I would like to speak to the committee, it is very unfortunate that there weren't very many people that were meeting needs and using 6"

mesh. Reason we went to 6" mesh, was to hopes that people would be able to make it though sockeye and chum salmon. I absolutely agree that they do need to do a better job in managing the salmon fishery. It is very difficult to, low abundance to meet escapement goals; this past year we didn't identify enough salmon to meet the escapement goals. In other years where there is as many, some years where we can make our escapement goals, great strides and improvement to reduce the normal high abundance to make it thought the elders and outreach and education to let them know that this is the poor year and take less than you normally do and improving it in the future.

Charlie Brown – I use to work for fish and game, I think he is giving (...) to not only drift nets to figure out the run strength of red salmon the run strength of its own or pulse. He would like to have more understanding of run strength of the king salmon. If he could use the set net methods on one side of the river and give the department more understanding of the run strength and fish doesn't stop running in the river(...) he said that we catch the efforts for different mesh size and sometimes the larger mesh is sometimes smaller mesh gear harvest more or not more.

Travis Ellison-the department had a few test fish; there weren't good indicators of the run strength. It is so large down there that one day that you may go fishing and there may be a lot of fish going through and other days that you may not. the other thing is so that is tidally influenced down there, when salmon go from salt to fresh, they will spend time milling in the lower part of the river and go up or down in the area, but they aren't actually going through at a constant rate necessarily. The Bethel test fish since 1984 in that fishery project 5 3/8 gear, 8" gear during king run and accommodation to assess the salmon run. The differential run, our assessment is a good indicator, but mostly comparing the escapement is almost at the end of the year that is actually do a good job of indicating the run is strong or weak, so we dearly do like the fishery project and use it in the future, there might be potential to try another test fishery around Tuntatuliak, but it takes a long time to develop a data asset to use for management decision, we can make wrong decisions that may be giving a wrong indicator, example you may fish really good one day and then extend day there may not be and then we close down the river, but 5 days later we find out that we do have a good run.

William Charlie Brown Looking at the catches CPUE is always higher than down below when we commercial fish. CPUE

Jackson Williams- When you check with net, what mesh size and depth for the net.

Travis Ellison- We have, during the king salmon run we have 2 separate nets that we use. BTF (Bethel Test Fish) is 1 hour after high tide starting June 1st. 45 meshes deep and 8 in mesh with 35 mesh deep (legal subsistence gear) 45 fathom. Something we started doing this year was looking and measuring the depth of the river where we are doing our BTF (Bethel Test Fish) to track year to year to track the channel changing.

Jackson Williams- I never use them, fish finder... are those ever used by ADF&G to indicate the fish run.

Travis Ellison- We do not.

Phillip Peter- Thank you for recognizing the elders comments and concerns, Thank you. Finding the state board of game finally recognizes our elders that you imply that you work with them. It is important that you know, *this the first time hearing the state recognizing our elders finally*. I'm proud of them and in the future, if they selected elders to represent us, it will be good.

1:43PM (For the Record: Henry Tikiun, Atmauthluak will be filling in for Nicholai Pavilla as an alternate; who was in Anchorage on emergency with his daughter.)

Roll Call (Everyone is here, attendees) *George Billy went to AVCP Office.

Alissa Joseph, Western Regional Coordinator (In house Business)

Working on a translator, due to time constraints/ to speed things up, Alex Nick's translating, Thank you Alex!

- Going over the Alaska Board of Fish & Game: Packet and forms; tips for providing written documents.
- Lower Kuskokwim Advisory Committee forms and updates. (State of Alaska Fish & Game).
- Selection made for alternate- Jackson Williams of Akiak at this time, unanimous consent from AC.
- Award / Recognitions to be done on Saturday, November 3rd, 2012. Ok, by Chairman James Charles
- Preparing for Proposal discussion tomorrow:
- Collection of comments/ documents/ packets for AC members, before the AC goes over proposals. Please give them to Alissa for copies and distribution.

AC members to be heard:

James Charles: Proposal 104, the village of Tuntatuliak would like to change the order of fish_chum 1st and Chinook 2nd.

b) 1 & 2 should be reversed

1- 39,000-75,500 chum

2-64,500-83,000 kings

William Charlie Brown: Proposal 111

John Nicholas: Proposal from Kasigluk (will be discussed tomorrow 11/3).

There are Regulation proposal forms available in the packet for use as guidelines. There is an agenda change form also in the packet

PEOPLE TO BE HEARD:

Henry Tikiun- One time when a guy by the name of Herman, informed him that they were going to be restriction that they were going to change it to 6", he told him that 6" is not intended for king salmon. He wanted him to bring it up; he said that native people are not like western people. People who are involved management they depend on anything that is written in the books. They know what is going to be happening during the season and predict what is coming; his grandpa use to be one of those people, to say what next season is going to look like. When he became aware, he recognizes what they are going to say, because they recognize the observant of environment and weather conditions. People who are working today only depend on what is written in black and white and only believe in black in white and that is what they worked on. What he said was that native elders they were giving a good example to younger generation will become elders they will be able to predict what will happen next season. Herman said they are going to switch 6" or less, that guy predicted that there will be continual decrease of salmon returns. In the old days they

never use to try harvest Chinook salmon with 4" which is used for white fish in the tundra villages. I think they were asking, the main.

John Nicholas- It leads to the decrease of salmon. Even though they told him to buy 6" mesh gear, he never; because he doesn't have money to do so. He has king gear and that is all that he could afford. ADFG is actually for this area and not for other areas, elders didn't talk about useless things and what is going to happen and those elders what was going to happen to the salmon fishery in consideration to the troll fishery in the Bering sea. Who was active in subsistence activities and was very strong. Maybe it is time to refrain in participating from these issues, time is coming when the shortage of resources. He feels that not to long from now, there is going to be starvation and people against that. When they talk about starvation, it is the worst experience they can in a life time. If resources aren't shared to the next neighbor. If you don't harvest anything, he can't eat and he is going back to the Yupik language and including Yupik. Yupik traditions, the old saying that when a salmon bumps the gillnets, even when it is not caught in the net. It will not live, he will experience salmon floating. When he use to commercial fish, he would notice salmon floating down the river, when it bumped the net. Elder's advice, respect fish with respect. One of the advices is to harvest as much as we can for the winter supply, but this didn't happen these past 2 years. In the local tundra drums and discovery; people from upriver had salmon and Lower River didn't have any salmon on fish wracks. Going back to 6" mesh gear, use to be involved in commercial fishery. There use to be a lot of jack salmon, those jack fish were headed back to the sea and come back. he said that when the 6" mesh was around, the chinook returns started to decline in larger sizes. Now that his children are grown up and have their own place, even they have hard ship or gear. He wouldn't be able to buy one for them. His sons always ask him to buy webbing for the net, but can't afford to even buy one net. Everything cost a lot of money now a these days and it is continually rising. Whenever they are going somewhere they have to have gasoline and other supplies. Subsistence is one of the most important things, when subsistence harvest are restricted and closed. People will have hardship and we need to start preparing the new generation with what is happening these days, because they aren't looking good. The elders indicated that the fish and wildlife resources are farmed to local people, like lower 48 farms. The resources feed the people.

John Andrew- Ilarion Nicholai of Kwethluk- provides comments:

Ilarion Nicholai- He said that over the past summer during the restriction of salmon, he didn't fish; but there was a lot of fish in the river with chums and sockeye. In terms of Chinook salmon, there weren't many Chinooks for salt fish. Those who are in subsistence fishery, subsistence are supposed to be priority. Taking the example of area M, they do some planning. He also mentioned the troll fishery, effects the local fishery.

John W. Andrew- He works closely with Larry; he said that he is always participated in local fishery meetings. There have been a lot of restrictions going on upriver to the point that it is getting worse and worse. Without showing the number of salmon that actually enters that river, while the fishery is. Working with elders that are past on, they use to listen to the people that use to say that is there any commercial fishery, they will have salmon decreasing. Troll fishery harvests all kinds of fish, including fish that are destined to Norton Sound, Kuskokwim area and they waste the resources. He is aware that a lot of salmon are going to waste when they are caught by incidental troll fishery. He thinks that this past summer the subsistence fishermen were given 2 opportunities to fish for salmon in the month of June. He is sharing his personal experience, when he use to fish for who can't fish for themselves. Now a day's even they want to share, it's not possible. There is not enough time or fish to harvest and share, like they did in the past. In the past up to now the community of Kwethluk came up with several proposals. One of them is to close the entire river for

fishery, but that didn't go forward. He also shares that in the past they also proposed the moose season should be extended and that didn't happen. What he is sharing that the committee members, the proposals are being proposed and the opponent didn't make comments at the board level. They wouldn't consider or accept the proposal and that people should make comments and when people are involved like this they should work with the people so that people will know what they are working on. He is sharing that the whole joint committee for about 4-5 years, during the chinook migration. They restricted salmon harvest up to the month of June and for that conservation they also recommend that sport fish should be closed also.

James Charles- Call for questions for John Andrew.

Zacharia (Chuck) Chaliak -Due to the early fish closures this past summer. We were unable to put away our yearly number of fish. Expensive to get gas from tundra villages to the Kuskokwim and back. It was a hardship especially those that had no money to buy gas for fishing. I'm sure it was and is a hardship everywhere on the delta. The same to those that were able to go moose hunting as well to supplement our food resources. Also, applies to purchasing stove oil. Before the salmon even was up this far in the river. The salmon was closed and they were probably were trying to reach the escapement goals. It was very hard for local people. It affected all of the fisherman of the river and not only king salmon fishing, but it was also the fisherman. Because chum salmon was closed it affected the local people and even though they used smaller gear for smaller salmon. They didn't even reach their goals for salmon, from the tundra villages, it takes a distance to reach the main river and cost of gas; the cost was greater than the harvest, causing a lot of concern and effected the local fisherman and at this time they are facing a lot of hardship. During the time of the short window, when subsistence fishy was open, they didn't have money to buy gas to harvest salmon. Even though ANCSA has gas supply, they have to buy it. If they have a open credit that is limited, you wouldn't be able to buy gas on credit and that is the local hardship that people have. During the discussion of improving the fishery it will help people harvest what they need.

On the other side of the fishery story, there are people who harvest moose in the fall season, weren't able to harvest moose either. The cost was also effecting moose, because of gas prices. Even though this isn't much of a report, he wanted to bring these issues up, along with the cost of stove oil; this is also going to be another hardship. He said that they can't do their subsistence actives, because they do not have the money to pay for the costs to continue subsistence activity gathering.

Phillip Peter- Representative Peter wanted to speak about the sudden restriction of Chinook salmon fishery this past summer. He is the chairman in the Akiachak IRA Council. They held a meeting along with the elders in the local community. They were discussing the Chinook salmon restrictions and what they are going to do locally. They heard what they were going to do and were invited by the community of Akiak and came down to Akiachak to meet. The majority of the people have any supply of Chinook salmon, including chum and other species. The sudden restriction of salmon fishing has adverse effect and he personally became emotional about it. Even though he is feeling emotional about it, he tried to stay in the advice of the elders. One of the hardships that he faced hardship with him being local leader and being criticized by his own local people and even though he didn't have anything to do with management of fishery. They were approaching and complaining and even to the extent of blaming him time after time. He told those people that complained; use to be very good people. Any time there are restrictions, it doesn't just affect some people; it affects a lot of people. He is also against 6" gear, because he knows the effects to the salmon for a long time; from the elders that are past on and those that are living today. When they fish for salmon they don't change their gear very often, because they know what will happen. When their parents went to work in the cannery, their grandmother would go to the beach and show them

what type of gear. If you use different gear, it will affect the salmon. In one of the seasons they harvest very large kings; they had robust bodies and looked very big. After that they didn't see any more Chinook salmon like that. In the middle of July, in mid July they would be advised of Kisaralik River. The spawner's were used as salmon strips back in the old days, because there is enforcement monitoring the area. In 1984 they switched to 6" gear. That would apply to commercial fishery. He thought 5/5 to 6" was intimate for commercial fishery. He doesn't agree with 4" gear. At times the 4" gear, he thinks that effect the salmon that are migrating up the river. When the entire drainage is closed there should not be any nets in the river. Local people believe that jacks (true juvenile) king salmon don't intent to spawn, they come back out to go out to the ocean. He believes that the smaller salmon are headed out and using smaller mesh will harvests the outgoing salmon. He said that the jack salmon are caught in 6" and they get free and die off after escaping the net. He personally feels that the regulations that apply to the salmon, it is time to negotiate for appropriate gear. They wouldn't face the same issues as today. He also don't agree that commercial fisherman, directed chum salmon is targeted. What he don't agree is bringing home commercial caught salmon for personal use, he thinks that after working hard, we should be able to sell the chinook, because they are higher priced. In the past, they use to never have problems with the commercial fishery that use to be enough to supplement the fishery. All salmon migrates upriver, continuously to where ever they spawn. It's time to not allow fishery the way the managers want and time to work with the local people and this time and age the management of the managers want. What he mentioned earlier, one can't swallow quiet well. To work with manager instead of restricts fishery without people's knowledge. There is no difference when it comes to fish eggs. One needs to respect the fish eggs as well and that is one of the reason they do not touch any eggs. One other thing, they use to go camping. Chuck chaliak verified the same applies to cautions he heard as a young men in regards to not touching bird eggs, because the adult bird would not come back to them. They use to clean up; they wouldn't leave trash and now a day, people wouldn't clean and they leave a mess.

(15 min break)

Secretary notes: Last fisheries meeting was sponsored by AVCP, during their salmon symposium. We were given options, attended by village reps, to take back to the villages. Because AVCP did not see results of the plan being implemented and people did not respond and because that happened. All we had were complainers instead of being constructive planners. "Window of Opportunity came and went' the fish closures came above.

James Charles- people believed that people from the working group, approved the restrictive management decisions.

William Charlie Brown, Eek this past summer he did not like the rolling closures and it's extension one bit, he gore complaints from his area villages. He would like to be open to look for solutions that if we work together, together we can. If we had planned ahead of time and did something constructively, we may have had less complaining this past summer.

Other communities that were developed with populations were increased. When people begin to fight amongst themselves the Great Spirit will take away in the area and cause disasters in the area. He received a call from Togiak; it was one of the eldest people in the village. That old man was concerned about the starvation, he said that there are no more elders and people are getting careless. And then he said that one of the people to ask that elder, how you experience starvation. That old man shared that starvation is one of the worst experience, which they can experience in a life time. Survival, one old lady was shared by the community; each person was given an inch of.

When the starvation is experienced in this area, the area is peaceful for awhile. What he was getting into. When it comes to resource management, if people work together, there will be no complaints or concern about the resources.

2 ladies, 1 male in the family: in time of starvation, even human bodies become potential food for some people. What he said was that one person experienced people dying from starvation in their house, he/she doesn't determine when all the flesh is gone. One of the unwritten advise, gave to the younger generation about the ones that pass away. In hopes of survival. One time there was a young lady who came to the village, he told the people that I would like to adopt that young man as my son. She went to ask the parents and they were both deceased and adopted that young man as her son. What he is sharing in the old committee, this area use to be populated by native people. If you go to places like inriyaq, he is sharing about a time in 1972, I believe it is way beyond that. There was a barge that went upriver and stopping in every community. Hiring potential workers from every community, even the eldest of the community was hired by the barge to work, not sure where they were brought. 100 people approximately went to work, some days they didn't eat for 3 days and they didn't have any food and young people didn't eat for 3 days. What he said that people who experienced starvation, they would be weeping for awhile and would be talking about starvation for awhile. Any sickness or disease; they use to be... hoping they would die of illness instead of starvation. What he also shared with the people. If you burry any fish in the ground and even it already deteriorates very thin, people will be able to survive with that for several years. He also mentioned the western culture don't know anything about starvation. When you experience starvation and have gone long period of time, one should not eat very much in order to survive and if you eat too much you will die.

Myron Naneng, AVCP President- He would like to ask the LKAC is to request that ADFG & USFWS, should make these announcements in both Yupik and English, along with Kuskokwim River Salmon Management Working Group as well. This past week there were court hearings that they were attending, due to this past fisheries season 2012. The court system, blames the people who were in violation. The judge told the people that they were guilty, because they were aware of the closures, but some of the people weren't agreeing with it. The North Pacific Management Council, put a initial of 60 thousand cap on salmon. When the troll fishery salmon harvested, they disposed of them and not counted. This past summer there was approximately 61 citations and 11 were changed to violations since August 12. Those citations were given but they were changed to violations. This past week there were court hearings and 3 were found guilty. They put the blame on the people to be informed, but Myron suggested that there be bulletins posted in the villages (Judge says). North Pacific Fisheries, State of Alaska Fish & Game's responsibility. 61 were cited and 11 were charged to violations August 12, 2012. Example, spring duck harvest, only the breast is to be returned home. State regulations when brought to the state, why bring it to us? In 2007, some are brought to hunt by permits. When flown in the hunters is entitled to hunt there also, moose? There were 2 closures on our behalf but yet they can fish as much as they want (Ocean fishing). We are trying to start intertribal fish commission, please help us. We need monetary support. Governor declared fisheries disaster this summer (2012) started in Yukon 3 years ago, this is the year when Kuskokwim is included, we are in process of working on this. AFN Sen. Murkowski, stated select on Indian Affairs. Commerce Committee (NOAA) ocean side trying to work on reduction of by-catch. 2 million escapement on Yukon, but yet because there were too many closures; some subsistence users did not put away any fish for the winter. Example- an aunt from Hooper Bay too many closures imposed on them.

Akiak- Jackson Williams- On 6" mesh proposal was imposed. People did not like it, the same with 4" or 4 ½" mesh. The 4" is used only certain times of the year. There was a big meeting in Akiak this summer, he has "outlaw" fish and that doesn't give him or others a very good feeling.

Tuluksak- Willie Phillip- The river channel changes because some barges will dump gravel, when stuck, and that changes the channel for the fish to swim in. It makes fishing extra difficult at times. He used to use 8.5", than recently he has had to keep going down on his mesh size in order to catch fish, he remembers his late father saying "there will be no more fish something he didn't understand until recently, now that smaller mesh sizes are imposed.

Napakiak- George Billy- Old days stocks were put in the doorway to prevent people from leaving. There are several starvations stories on how to go about times of starvation. The do's and don't; becoming cannibals and resorting to eating fur garments, eating only dried fish skin and nov the meat. Let us work to preserve our food so we can prevent starvation in the future.

Napaskiak- Earl Samuelson- Problems with the fishing closures and people being cited, etc; but despite it all he is grateful for the fish he did catch. He put away 2 kings in his freezer this summer but he asks how many people didn't. Putting the situation on the other side, how about in Anchorage. They closed the stores and oh by the way- well keep it closed another 5 days. This is how we feel and how they would have felt in Anchorage too. I'm forced to fish for dog salmon, which are dog food. We were forced to feed ourselves dog food. It bothers me when our elders get ticketed for what they did for centuries. To let our elders to go fishing, there are no restrictions on who can fish. I don't mind the closures, but let the elders go fishing. If you bring salmon home or pizza, they will choose pizza. I hope the resolution that was represented as a 60 year old, to open fishing for our elders. It passed and went to the AFN, to add 65 year of age and have state and feds for regulations and a proxy was added for those who can't fish for themselves. I know the salmon diet to our elders is very critical, thank you very much for listening. I don't have much time to stay here and sit on the panel. Fishing is a very sensitive topic during the summer and will be for next year. Kwethluk 2012 was miss-managed, we should have got together like this and explain their reasons why. After 7 days, open the river up. If it was even 1day, they would be happy, alternate windows system seemed to keep people happy. Several resolutions if passed can help us locally, example subsistence fishing for our elders.

5:39PM

ADF&G Comm fish report:

Patrick Jones- Musk Ox, moose, caribou report. Collars were put on newborns, had a high survival rate this summer. Did an aerial surveys (Mulchatna herds) had good rate of yearlings, and also did photo survey's and will do counting later. Musk Ox- Nunivak Island counted 741- highest since counting started- will ask to have permit number added on (more than before) on Nelson island there will be a reduction in harvesting cows due to a smaller number in the herd. There is an estimated number of 100 musk Ox in that area, giving up towards Yukon area also. Moose hunt- 103 moose killed this year in Unit 18 aerial photo of caribou taken this summer for the counting is still being conducted.

Travis Elison -We had 4 weirs that were successfully, Tuluksak and George, escapement wasn't met. I suppose on the positive note. 2010/11 escapement goals. Sockeye wasn't a good. I can't say a lot on the sockeye report, in the past years it was.

We did meet our escapement goals, I take that back. We didn't have assessment goals for Korugaluk, we believe the escapement goals was good.

Other species were doing fine, based on our current escapement goals. The reason behind the difficult times this summer, because the department has to and as I said we didn't meet the goals. The goals are established off the large escarpments, we have not been achieved, Kwethluk has been achieved 1 or twice. We are making changes to escapement goals, the reason and understanding has greatly improved. We started working on the project to get the total drainage wide escapement goal, so that we have an estimate of the king salmon of the Kuskokwim River. We already have good assessment, how many fish are spawning in the river drainage wide. We use that number with mark and recapture, then we use the modeling based on escapement and other resources. We are able to reconstructing the salmon run, the big 1976-11, to set new escapement goals. Apart of your packet is a memo that is written to the... I would like to read the parts

Sustainable salmon fishery with the review of salmon fishery, the regulatory conservation area and recommended to the fishery policy for statewide goals. In the Kuskokwim management area and Kuskokwim area, established escapement goals. 3 coho 4 Chum 3 sockeye stocks. Escapement goal team, to be established to develop this goal 1976-11 was estimated by combining, from these estimate from the spawning recruitment and used to select the escapement goal. The spawning/recruit is to look at the spawner's that produced and how many fish came back from that. Then you can figure the yield of harvest numbers, manage for sustain yield. One of the objectives to provide for the entire subsistence each year, for. The run reconstruction, king salmon. Exploitation... the range for the drainage wide were to include the correspond to the achieving the maximum returns *most number of fish we can get back in the long run.

The lower bound doesn't, equal to level of escapement and maximum 46500, currently there is no whole river escapement. The context of drainage wide goal. The percentile method is where you would take the observed escapement in a project and drop the lowest escapement and set a range of the percentile and 85 % of the data points. It really doesn't have the indication of what you may get back or returns you will get back, based on observations.

George, Kwethluk, 10-12 years of escapement, Tuluksak/Kwethluk weirs that time series that captured high run size, are higher than necessary. The time series was from 1976 and encompass although...

A new run reconstruction model and spawner record, escapement goals. Kwethluk goals was, received 7500, Travis is reading the report.

The review team is recommending the escapement for Tuluksak to be removed. 1991-2011 ranged from adequate escapement stocks. It's important to, that was sub mitted by AVCP to set those goals and consider those factors in social factors and setting an escapement goal. They have received lots of , we are not published till this summer and have criticize us in establishing these goals in the department field, otherwise we need to wait 4 more fishing season. The way management foals have gone and the draft for the closures to apply the goals we feel that they are unnecessary to establish these new goals for these abundance years and this means...

Last year 2012 we estimated to ... 120 thousand Chinook salmon to reach escapement goals. 6500 is the new goal, because subsistence has the priority... established goals, I'll leave it at that.

Chairman James Charles- complained that you guys are commercial fishing and that would help, if you tell them how you guys figure surplus and encourage commercial fishing.

Travis Elison, ADF&G- we look at the escapement estimates and figure out how many fish return and what we've seen in our data set. Year 2000 was the lowest escapement, 50,000 drainage wide

escapement. 7 fish/ 1 spawned. That is an extreme example in that data set. 2004 the largest we have seen since 1976, I can't remember the number but I believe it was over 300 thousands. ½ fish/ 1 spawned. What are we seeing is to counter the common sense. More fish that spawn, is not mean that we get more fish back. We try to find the balance and the reason for that is complicated, if we put up more fish we don't get more fish back. It has been demonstrated in deer moose and all wildlife and fisheries that seem to fit this trend. If we can have escapements that are large enough and not too many. If there is too many people catching kings, we are going to starve, but if we have w... we will have enough food year after year. They need to harvest more fish than subsistence fisherman take, it's not direct fishery in salmon. On high abundance years we need to knock these escapements down and we are having over 120 thousand, we would really try to knock it down from that. Just like in Bristol bay they get a sock eye salmon run size average is harvest 30 million salmon. When we control that escapement, and more stable fisheries and better for people and the resources.

Charlie Chaliak- last year...

Travis Elison ADF&G- I don't have that information yet, we've collected from the escapement projects and subsistence users. Very few in the commercial fishery. Those are currently being aged and it is a long process, he is explaining the process of aging scales. I've heard that there are a lot of young fish, which are jacks and king salmon returns are majority from 4 years old to about 7 years old and we call it a sibling. The exposure in the ocean will come back as age grows 1/ 1 year.

Charlie - 53/8 smaller size, you guys use the king gear, why not use that 8"

Travis Elison, ADF&G- 5 3/8 and 8 gear. Reason use gear types, different sizes of salmon and by using the different mesh size were able to catch more of the range of the size that is coming back. Otherwise we wouldn't have a good number of salmon in the river. Bethel Test Fish works well and have done it the same way since 1984 and we are going to continue using it that way.

Jackson Williams, Akiak- you know as a fisherman all these years. State trooper came to our village to talk to the villages and I've come to the trooper and told him a very direct question. I told him aren't you violating our fishing rights. He said, I don't know. And didn't say yes or no, just I don't know. It's really hard, with just hearing earl earlier and it's getting harder. I'm telling you now; I think that they're will be a point somewhere, if the department doesn't listen to us period. I know you talk about Boards of Fish & Game; you know what they are doing? You know w, like I said earlier. I try to work 2-2=4, I see those that are into it, but not me. The way I see them is that lot of times if you look at it, if it old you to be aware of these Board of Fish & Game. a lot of these things that are done under closed doors. You guys use closed doors and the point I'm trying to get, y our know ash. Like allot of these surveys the way I understand it coming from Akiak, I don't tell anyone, after finding them. Information they get will work against me, maybe I'm wrong maybe I'm right. Like I said it's coming from me. Board of Fish & Game; just watch it how they operate. Are they helping us? I just tried to wake them up, a lot f them and alot of it will never help us periods. And, I am I didn't go out with them a lot out traveling from Akiak all these years. We even go to Anchorage to talk with the meeting with the commissioners' and we tried. Hey come on listen to us and open your ears and listen to us. The point that Earl mentioned even with this Advisory Committee. If weren't getting anywhere, that wouldn't be helpful. One thing that I heard for your famous 4", my dad didn't, we only use it for only whitefish and lot of these things my point is... you know people out there are very much hurting. We heard it in the working group during the testimony and tired of eating chicken and they want to eat their natural food and you just mentioned chinook

conservation and where are we to go with that. Something to conclude is co-managment and along the line and finally work with you and thank you.

Travis Elison ADF&G- Mr. Jackson at the 4 meeting with you and I do listen and respect what you have to say. This has been a difficult summer and I tried to percent a lot of the hardship, even I'm the manager biologist, I don't have that authority, general manager has that authority. In both USFWS and ADF&G, come together and present our recommendations together. Instead of over ruled by USFWS in 2011. Is because of our established goals and were pushing for these goals, instead of waiting. Because we want to make life better for everyone on the Kuskokwim.

Jackson Williams, Aniak- There is a cycle that goes up and down, there is always a cycle. I talked with my group yesterday. Also the creator and I said with my group yesterday, when it seen that film and literally dumped into the ocean and I was thinking fist hand. The one that made those fish I don't' think he is happy with that and I tell them also the natural beautiful in subsistence to feed my family. Somewhere you mentioned it too; he is the one that give us the food, not you and not me. So am, a lot of these things, I would like to share from my home in Akiak, I will conclude to something that is the main thing, that we start working together.

LOWER KUSKOKWIM AC MEETING 3NOV12 CALLED BACK TO ORDER AT 2:53PM

Roll Call:

10/13 Henry Tikiun is running late.

Chairman James Charles- Proposals that we are going to work on are on the back of your agenda.

Proposal Discussion:

Proposal 95-Alissa read the proposal

Motion to adopt this proposal- Phillip Peter

2nd- John Nicholas

Discussion/Question:

Roll Call:

N-AKIACHAK	Phillip Peter
N-AKIAK	Jackson Williams
N-ATMAUTHLUAK	Henry Tikiun
N-EEK	William F. Charlie Brown
Y-KASIGLUK	John Nicholas
N-KWETHLUK	John Andrew
N-NAPAKIAK	N-Sandra Nicori
N-NUNAPITCHAK	George Billy
Y-TULUKSAK	Zachariah Chaliak
N-TUNTATULIAK	Willie Phillip
Absent-NAPASKIAK	James Charles
Absent-OSCARVILLE	

8-N 2-Y 2-Absent vote

Motion Fails, Proposal is Opposed

Proposal 103- (Travis reads/explains) *Possible regulatory changes based on results from Western Alaska Salmon Stock Identification Project (WASSIP) as follows:

Travis-They took genetic salmon samples from across Alaska salmon stocks, a lot of concern of Area M salmon fish that were caught. This project is to answer questions that derived from concern of Area M, catching chum and sockeye bound for AYK Rivers.

Motion to adopt this proposal- Willie Phillip 2nd- Zachariah Chaliak

Jackson- Is this pertaining to genetic to be done around that area

Travis Alison ADF&G-yes, it is using genetic, the research has been done and they are finalizing the data

Jackson Williams, Aniak- this not pertaining to chinook

Travis Alison, ADF&G- no

Chairman James Charles - Is this like the ASL

Travis, ADF&G-it is a little different than "ASL", the genetics is what river they are going back to. For chum salmon that was caught in area m. this study will be able to identify where these chum and sockeye are headed to what river.

Willie Phillip- *Explains in detail in Yupik

Move to adopt this proposal, unanimously passed,
Proposal 103 passes

Proposal 104- Customary and traditional subsistence uses of fish stocks and amounts necessary for subsistence uses. Review amounts reasonably necessary (ANS) for subsistence for salmon in the Kuskokwim River drainage as follows

Travis- Explains

Cassie Stockdale- I also recommended to use the whole data set

John Andrew- Move to support with amendment that the Kuskokwim Salmon Management Working Group added

Henry Tikiun- He was fishing at one of the tides has no fish and one of the tides has more fish, his grandpa would let him know when to go fishing, when there was more fish.

Motion- John Andrew 2nd- William Brown

Roll Call vote-

Y-AKIACHAK

Phillip Peter

Y-AKIAK

Jackson Williams

Y-ATMAUTHLUAK

Henry Tikiun

Y-EEK

William F. Charlie Brown

Y-KASIGLUK

John Nicholas

Y-KWETHLUK

John Andrew

Y-NAPAKIAK

Y-Sandra Nicori

Y-NUNAPITCHAK

George Billy

Y-TULUKSAK

Zacharia Chaliak

Y-TUNTATULIAK

Willie Phillip

Absent-NAPASKIAK

James Charles

Absent-OSCARVILLE

11-Yes, 2-Absent

Motion passes

Proposal 104 passed

Proposal 105- Kuskokwim Salmon Management Plan

Travis- provides greater flexibility for management goals, of restricting subsistence for conservation, it gets rid of the window schedule, and it also gives greater flexibility for commercial fishing in low abundance years, flexibility in coho abundance.

Doug M. -today I proposed an alternative proposal, as it is currently written and it gives too much flexibility and too much unknown. It builds guidance, what I've shown you are a draft and it is not done. If this advisory committee is in support of this alternative.

Cassie Stockdale- one thing that you could do is that we support the management plan that involves input from the users on the river, not just state develop management plan.

Motion- Phillip Peter 2nd-Chuck Chaliak

Chairman James Charles-RAC didn't take action on this proposal

Jackson- you know the system that we have, that, if I understand right, a lot of these things that the department brings out, like Beverly stated and I agree with her. Have the input, knowledgeable people from the mouth of the Kuskokwim, would have input on the fish, when they start at eek. People from Bethel know Kwethluk, Akiak, Tunt, if there is fish going on. One thing I learned as a young kid when my dad brought me fishing, like the one we had this summer. We will never catch

them, with high water, there is fish. That is my point. Was that you guys talked about to get input from the organization, working group,

Doug- there isn't enough time to go to the villages, USFW, ADF&G, KRSMWG (Kuskokwim River Salmon Management Working Group, those are your representatives to give the input the. That is the way to help give input. I don't want to be closed down period, if we look at it the subsistence users should be the last to be closed down.

Jackson- some of those things that I said are hard, is really hard for us, it's really hard for me. If I didn't outlaw like I did this summer and state it in the ac meeting that I got outlaw fish. I didn't place it on my own and he is do it to me to have outlaw fish, somewhere along the line, nothing is impossible and that this can be worked out. I really stress out, since I was a young kid, as I get older holy cow. We as Akiak people go to anchorage and UN and try to get something going for us native people. As long as I'm not being closed out or tide out, I don't want that.

Cassie- when you provide your comments, you don't have to say I support, just as a suggestion you can say that you want the people involved in the management plan

Willie Phillip- you had suggested in concerning the poor fish on king salmon, you suggested if the subsistence users set out some set nets and now a there are days and I haven't set net for more than 10 years and after is check it, someone set it before me. Couple of times I have lost nets and it cost over 13-1500 per net. That was why I quit, because someone had taken 2 of my nets and I only drift now. I don't like the, if I can't drift net that is what I usually do for my family plus other family I support 3 families every summer to fish for them and that is why I don't use set nets and I just wait for fish to be more. When they hit, when the strong start to run that is when I fish, it takes 5-7 days 24 hours to reach our goal, even we catch 2 or 3 at a time, they add up quick

Doug- page 18 is what we were talking about; one set net was just an idea, the spirit or intent. When the chinook run is weak, instead of closing the river down for weeks, the idea is to have some sort of mechanism; as long as there is some opportunity to fish. In the Yukon if you have a fish wheel, they have a fish box where they let chinook... that set net may not work down there and at least one day of drifting per week.

Jackson- even if there is an estimated low run, I tell my family this past summer, after I taste that fish even one time. That is all I'm asking, when Beverly one-two days; if I had tasted it I wouldn't have outlaw fish. When that craving, that is my number one food; I would do anything to taste or eat that fish. Hopefully that is what the department will understand, because to me hopefully we wouldn't have lots of water, depending on how much snow that we have this year

Zacharia Chaliak- set net over there in Tunt. of the Kuskokwim, I like the proposal and I think that it is good. With ADF&G and I see, commercial fishing will not like these numbers are low. What happened was as you know, we had moose moratorium and he sees the proposal as the same way to bring the salmon population back. He sees this as the salmon moratorium, to bring back the salmon and he fishes on tides. He comes down from the tundra

Doug- yes, this plan 105 and the alternative is to have some language to try and rebuild the chinook when they are low. What is in the 105 proposal?

Alternative provides guidance to...

Cassie- to take out the rebuilding and we wouldn't be in rebuilding management plan. They are saying that we don't need rebuilding because of the new numbers will. Clarification of the

Charlie brown- resolution from the village of eek, I have to take a permit to district 4, one time, back in a few years back I would say that the village of eek. It was too late to send it out. The village of Eek was making a resolution to conduct below Johnson as commercial harvest for commercial purpose in order to save the fish that are going up the Kuskokwim for...

Phillip Peter- this regulation is for commercial fishing purpose only. But only about 200 or less fishing, the fishing drop from 500, sometimes it is 200, sometimes it is more than 100 permit holders are fishing. The first opening in the end of June, there are only 2 fishing periods that register harvest fisherman, 2 buyers and 7 plus. Seem like no one it is interested for commercial fisherman. When we are use to fishing in one area by the Johnson. There use to be lots of fishing from Napakiak on down. There is only one period for 6 hours. Some guys don't fish the whole 6 hours and return right away after they sell their fish. There is not enough inputted information to be inserted into the proposal that is understandable to the people.

Mike riley- by taking a few words out of the proposal, makes a huge change in the proposal. I suggest the board supports the 2 amendments and support with the input from the entire village.
Motion- Riley 2n-jackson

Question:

This proposal 105 motion was to support the management plan with stake holder input and remove the word rebuilding from the title.

William Charlie Brown was dismissed on emergency to fly back home.

Proposal 106 (presented by AVCP Cassie Stockdale)

Adopt a drainage wide optimum escapement goal (OEG) for king salmon in eh Kuskokwim River, adjust tributary goals accordingly, and add preseason and in season management tools.
(James Charles translates proposal in Yupik)

Jackson- were targeting, I tell you there are lots. My question is, if there are lots. I don't think any of these will apply. Let's just say that there is a lot and everything is open for everyone to fish. You know earlier, like when we worked on the moose management. People were sharing and were involved and that way I know some people didn't agree. And from my own village of Akiak, I wasn't too likable and I was with this group who wanted that rebuild. Anyway a lot of these things that people are aware and I do and go back and have a community meeting, there will be up and downs. The more that they are aware of it, they will understand... these escapements we do not wipe them out, I'm for that. Let's say for my village those people are, I tell you... they are strong. They are very strong and I always feel that Akiak in the 1920's white man came around to that village and had a hospital and deal with people like that. To me they get really strong and enough of that and as long as that, we mentioned 105 and if we go some way to understand it can go.

Motion to accept proposal 106- Jackson 2nd- Chaliak

Dan- RC 17 is a letter from USFWS to the Chairman of the Board of Fisheries

Discussion:

Andrew- Whatever proposal that we pass, by the time that we go to the board of fisheries, and most of them will fail even if we say they will pass.

Phillip Peter- what is a ricker model

Dan Gillikan- explains the different models.

Phillip peter- what is acceptable for the state to accept, the exact amount

Travis- when we have information available for a ricker analysis, the number of escapement, the number of salmon spawner's, _____ - to do this type of analysis. It says that we need that type of information to use a ricker model. The number of fish recruits stays the same the ricker works by the number of really high escapements. It's estimates of these estimates actually asks what and asks questions like if they were too high or too low on this date and runs a bunch of different options and what is the most likely answer given in tall the uncertainty.

George Billy-he believe what the folks and the bible was saying and the resources are going to drop and that is what is happening now and it's not easy for us to live now and like he said the guy next to him was talking about the money to live with. So the bible is telling the truth. So he believe what you say about the resources too

Roll Call vote-

Y-AKIACHAK

N-AKIAK

Y-ATMAUTHLUAK

Absent -EEK

N-KASIGLUK

Y-KWETHLUK

Y-NAPAKIAK

Y-NUNAPITCHAK

N-TULUKSAK

Y-TUNTATULIAK

Absent-NAPASKIAK

Absent-OSCARVILLE

Phillip Peter

Jackson Williams

Henry Tikiun

William F. Charlie Brown

John Nicholas

John Andrew

Y-Sandra Nicori

George Billy

Zacharia Chaliak

Willie Phillip

James Charles

7-Yes, 3-no, 3-Absent

Motion passes

(THESE ARE THE SUMMARY OF THE DISCUSSED PROPOSALS ABOVE... THANKS.)

NO.	Vote	Comment or Suggestions:
95	Oppose	Phillip Peter moved to adopt, 2 nd - John Nicholas, Questions/ Discussion- Jackson Williams 8-No 2- Yes 2- absent
103	Adopted	Willie Phillip- moved to adopt, 2 nd - chuck Chaliak, Question/ Discussion- Jackson Williams Based on genetic research in turn can determine (Area M) where species are going to BOF Arctic/ Yukon/ Kuskokwim. Jackson W. Andrew (Kwethluk)- Raised right hand for adoption left hand to reject.

		Right hand- won
105	Adopt with Amend: Remove: "Rebuilding" from the heading (title).	<p>Phillip K.. Peter made motion to adopt. 2nd- Chuck Chaliak, Question/ Discussion- Jackson Williams Discussion by Cassie: Cassie makes a point to not adopt, but put in language to accept and amendment to the proposal.</p> <p>Jackson Williams- wanted further clarification of the proposal, if the proposal is amended- there will be room to work with Fish & Game also with Fish & Wildlife to do better fish closure, windows, making and working toward better system so that all benefit; subsistence user, Fish & Game, Fish & Wildlife, the fish processors, buyers, etc.</p> <p>Phillip peter- made a motion to talk to proposal.</p> <p>Mike Riley- made motion to amend the title: <i>"the title and take out the word "REBUILDING" From the heading (title).</i></p> <p>Phillip Peter- made a motion to withdraw his motion to table.</p> <p>Mike Riley- made a motion to remove the word "Rebuilding" from the title</p> <p>2nd- Jackson Williams, Akiak Question/ Discussion- by John W. Andrew, Kwethluk</p>

NO.	Vote	Comment or Suggestions:
106	Adopt	DAN, USFW- Chairman James Charles- to working group accepted this proposal. You may vote the same or differently, it's up to you. John W. Andrew- made motion to accept. 2 nd - Chuck Chaliak Question/ Discussion- Mike Riley, Beth Chuch Chaliak (Roll Call Vote) 7- yes 2- no 3- absent
107	Adopt	Introduction: Greg Roczicka Taking of King Salmon to "Dry or Smoke" on rocks. Jackson Williams, Aniak- move to adopt 2 nd - John Andrew, Kwethluk Questions- Phillip Peter Roll Call: 10 yes 3 absent
108	Adopt	Introduction: Greg Roczicka A lot of fish is being shipped out of area- there is no way to regulate or keep track of the amount of traffic. Jackson Williams- made motion to accept Phillip Peter- second Questions called by John W. Andrew Passed Unanimously
109	Adopt	Phillip K. Peter, Akiachak- moved to adopt 2 nd - Willie Phillip- Tuluksak Jackson Williams- wants to accept if there is no binding on anyone's part. Henry Tikiun- in partial favor, because hardship is falling on everyone: sterling, etc. Questions- John Andrew, Kwethluk Roll Call: Yes- 8 No- 3
110	Adopt	Do away with 8" and use only 6" or smaller mesh size. Chuck Chaliak, Nunapitchak moves to accept the change: 2 nd - Phillip Peter- Akiachak Chuck Chaliak- Nunapitchak maybe there is a correlation between- declines in bigger kings due to the reduction of larger kings. All size

		<p>female fish (Kings) lay eggs regardless of size. Henry Tikiun- too much harassment from government officials- is it part of the reason for the decline in fish. There should be a good working relationship between all of us. Question called by Phillip Peter Vote: 7-Yes 3-NO 3-Absent</p>
NO.	Vote	Comment or Suggestions:
112	<p>Adopt with amendment: To delete the word "all" on third line of heading</p>	<p>Jackson Williams, Akiak moves to accept Phillip Peter, Akiachak- 2nd the motion</p> <p>John W. Andrew, Kwethluk- delete the work "All" on third line of heading. Jackson Williams- calls for questions</p> <p>Unanimous pass by voice Mike Riley made motion to accept amendment 2nd- Phillip K. Peter, Akiachak</p>