

**Annual Report to the Alaska Board of Game on  
Intensive Management for Moose  
with Wolf Predation Control  
in GMU24B**

**Prepared by the Division of Wildlife Conservation  
February 2014**



1) **Description of IM Program<sup>1</sup>**

A) This report is an annual evaluation for a predation control program authorized by the Alaska Board of Game (Board) under 5 AAC 92.124(c)

B) Month this report was submitted by the Department to the Board:

February X August \_\_ (interim annual update) Year 2013

C) Program name: Unit 24B wolf predation control program (Fig. 1)

D) Existing program has an associated Operational Plan: Version 1 - February 2012

E) Game Management Unit(s) fully or partly included in IM program area: Unit 24B

F) IM objectives for moose: population size 4,000-4,500 harvest 150-250

G) Month and year the current predation control program was originally authorized by the Board: March 2012. Indicate date(s) if renewed: No renewals

H) Predation control is currently active in this IM area.

I) If active, month and year the current predation control program began: March 2012

J) An habitat management program funded by the Department or from other sources is currently active in this IM area: No

K) Size of IM program area (square miles) and geographic description: Unit 24B-13,523 mi<sup>2</sup>

L) Size and geographic description of area for assessing ungulate abundance: Upper Koyukuk Management Area (UKMA)-1,360 mi<sup>2</sup>

M) Size and geographic description of area for ungulate harvest reporting: (1) Allakaket/Alatna Residents, (2) 24B-13,523 mi<sup>2</sup>, and (3) UKMA-1,360 mi<sup>2</sup>,

N) Size and geographic description of area for assessing predator abundance: UKMA-1,360 mi<sup>2</sup>

O) Size and geographic description of predation control area: UKMA-1,360 mi<sup>2</sup>

P) Criteria for evaluating progress toward IM objectives: Calf:cow ratios, yearling bull:cow ratios, moose abundance, collared calf survival, collared yearling survival, harvest reporting on report cards, days hunted on report cards, harvest reporting from Household

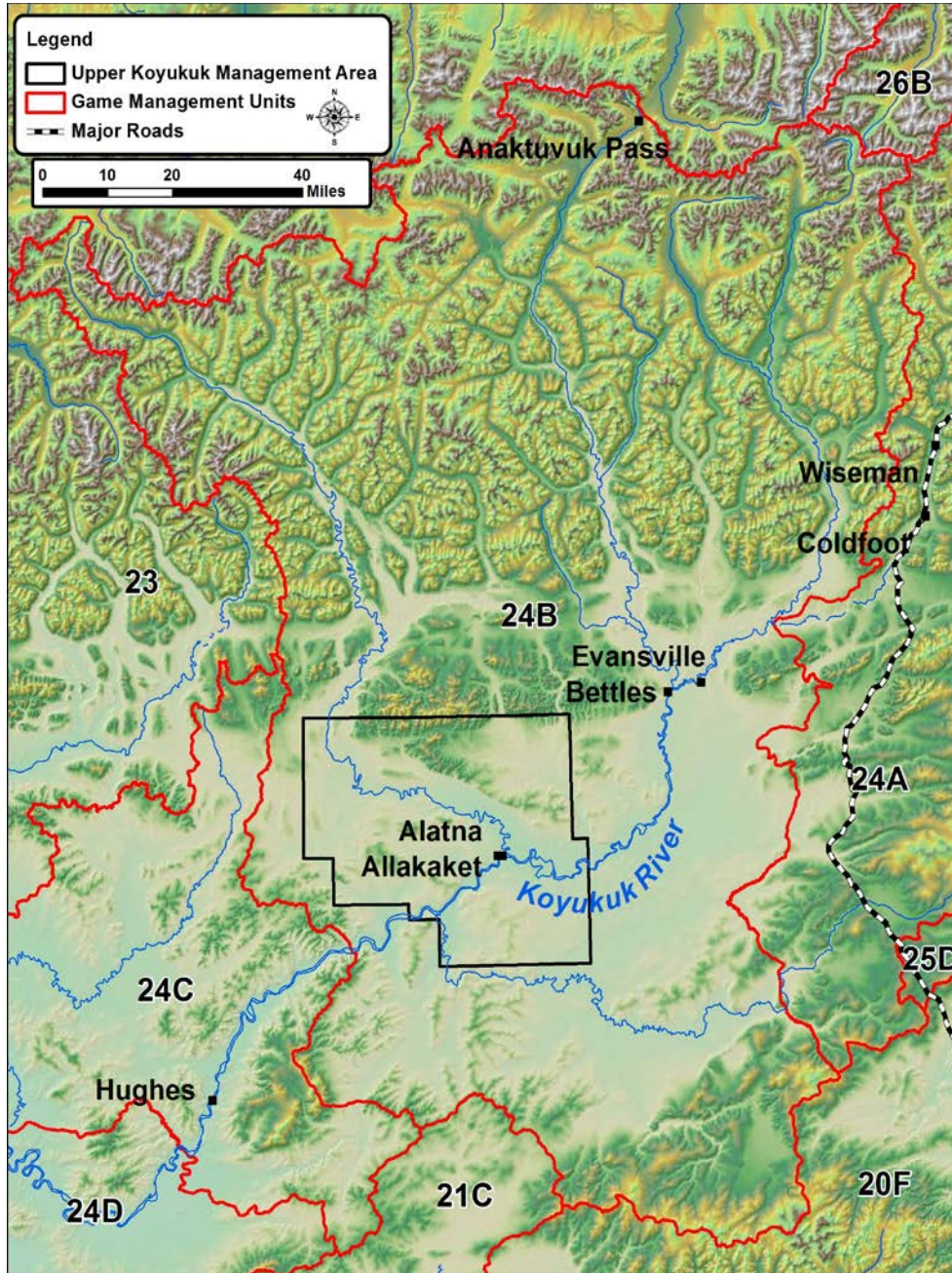
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<sup>1</sup> For purpose and context of this report format, see *Intensive Management Protocol, section on Tools for Program Implementation and Assessment*

Surveys, Catch-per-unit-effort from Household Surveys (hours/hunt trip, miles traveled/ hunt trip, cost/hunt trip, etc.)

**Q) Criteria for success with this program:** Harvest of 35-40 moose in UKMA.

**R) Department recommendation for IM program in this reporting period:** Continue program (details provided in section 6)



**Figure 1. Upper Koyukuk Management Area (1,360 mi<sup>2</sup>) in Game Management Unit 24(B) (13,523 mi<sup>2</sup>).**

**2) Prey data**

**Date(s) and method of most recent fall abundance assessment for moose:** November, 2013-Geospatial Population Estimator (GSPE) (Table 1)

**Compared to IM area, was a similar trend and magnitude of difference in abundance observed in nearby non-treatment area(s) since program inception:** Non-treatment area not established for abundance comparisons

**Date(s) of most recent age and sex composition survey (if statistical variation available, describe method here and show result in Table 1):** November, 2013-GSPE (Table 1)

**Compared to IM area, was a similar composition trend and magnitude of difference in composition observed in nearby non-treatment area(s) since program inception:** Non-treatment area established only for survival rate comparisons among radiocollared moose (Table 2).

**Table 1. Moose abundance, age and sex composition since program implementation in year 1 to year 3 (wolf control began in year 2) in Upper Koyukuk Management Area (UKMA). Regulatory year is 1 July to 30 June (e.g., RY 2010 is 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011).**

UKMA						
Period	RY	Abundance (variation) <sup>a</sup>	Composition (number per 100 females)			
			Calves	Yearling males	Males	Total <i>n</i> <sup>b</sup>
	2010	405 (±23.7%; 90% C.I.)	34	8	52	-
Year 1	2011	324 (±29.0%; 90% C.I.)	49	8	103	-
Year 2	2012	-	-	-	-	-
Year 3	2013	300 (±31.4%; 90% C.I.)	37	11	67	-

<sup>a</sup> November GSPE surveys (observed moose, not corrected for Sightability).

<sup>b</sup> Composition estimated from GSPE surveys.

**Describe trend in abundance or composition:** Additional data collection needed to analyze for trend

**Table 2. Radiocollared moose survival rates since implementation in year 1 to year 3 (wolf control began in year 2) in Upper Koyukuk Management Area (UKMA) and experimental non-treatment area. Survival rate calculated from date of collaring to May 31 of the regulatory year (normalized birthdate). Regulatory year is 1 July to 30 June (e.g., RY 2010 is 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011).**



UKMA							
Period	RY	Collared calves (n)	Survival (%)	# of months cohort monitored	Collared yearlings (n)	Survival (%)	# of months cohort monitored
Year 1	2011	21	100	2	-	-	-
Year 2	2012	30	97	7	21	81	12
Year 3	2013	30	100	<1	29	90	5
experimental non-treatment area							
Period	RY	Collared calves (n)	Survival (%)	# of months cohort monitored	Collared yearlings (n)	Survival (%)	# of months cohort monitored
Year 1	2011	20	80	2	-	-	-
Year 2	2012	30	73	7	16	56	12
Year 3	2013	30	100	<1	22	82	5

**Table 3. Moose harvest in (1) Allakaket and Alatna using Household Survey data collected by Subsistence Division, (2) 24B using harvest reporting data collected by Wildlife Conservation Division, and (3) UKMA in year 1 to year 3 (wolf control began in year 2). Regulatory year is 1 July to 30 June (e.g., RY 2010 is 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011).**

Period	RY	(1) Allakaket/Alatna Household Surveys <sup>a</sup>			Estimated Harvest <sup>c</sup>	(2) Harvest Reports <sup>b</sup>			(3) UKMA Calculated Harvest <sup>e</sup>
		"Catch-per-unit-effort"				Allakaket /Alatna harvest <sup>c</sup>	24B Harvest (all other hunters)	24B Total Harvest <sup>d</sup>	
		Miles per Trip	Cost per Trip	Hours per Trip					
Year 1	2011	65.8	\$86.37	13.2	16.2	4	28	31	16
Year 2	2012	58.1	\$99.99	14.4	18.7	13	24	33	16
Year 3	2013	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

<sup>a</sup> Alatna and Allakaket weighted averages.

<sup>b</sup> Unit 24B total reported harvest, equals sum of previous two columns minus Allakaket/Alatna harvest outside of Unit 24B.

<sup>c</sup> Includes some harvest from outside of Unit 24B.

<sup>d</sup> An unknown amount of moose harvest occurs on federal harvest reporting mechanisms.

<sup>e</sup> Using UCU location information, calculated harvest includes a portion of the Household Survey harvest determined to be from within the UKMA and a portion of the 24B total harvest from within the UKMA.

**Describe trend in harvest:** Assessment of trend is premature because all harvest data was collected prior to wolf control activities.

### 3) Predator data

**Date(s) and method of most recent spring abundance assessment for wolves (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in Table 2):** March/April 2013- observations during aerial surveys and predator control

**Date(s) and method of most recent fall abundance assessment for wolves (if statistical variation available, describe method here and list in Table 2):** May 2013- calculated for pre-control RY12 by subtracting total removal from UKMA from pre-control RY12 abundance estimate.

**Other research or evidence of trend or abundance status in wolves:** Pre-control wolf abundance in the UKMA was estimated at 25-60

**Table 4. Wolf abundance objectives and removal in Upper Koyukuk Management Area (UKMA) in year 1 to year 2 (wolf control began in year 2). Removal objective is to reduce wolf numbers as low as possible in the UKMA and to maintain 100-140 in all of Unit 24B to ensure wolves persist in the unit. The fall 2008 modeled wolf population estimate for all of Unit 24B was 202-284. Regulatory year is 1 July to 30 June (e.g., RY 2010 is 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011).**

Period	RY	Pre-control abundance	Harvest removal from		Dept. control removal	Public control removal	Total removal <sup>a</sup>	Post-control abundance
			Trap	Hunt				
Year 1	2011	25-60	0	2	0	n/a	2	23-58
Year 2	2012	36-37	0	0	23	n/a	23	13-14

<sup>a</sup>Additional removal may be Defense of Life and Property, vehicle kill, etc.

#### 4) Habitat data and nutritional condition of prey species

**Where active habitat enhancement is occurring or was recommended in the Operational Plan, describe progress toward objectives:** No active habitat enhancement

**Describe any substantial change in habitat not caused by active program:** A wildfire in summer 2013, occurred in Siruk Creek drainage with a fire perimeter of 20,363 acres in the UKMA. A wildfire in summer 2013, occurred in Prospect Creek drainage with a fire perimeter of 64,078 acres partially (approx. 70%) within experimental non-treatment area.

**Table 5. Nutritional indicators for moose in 24B and a portion of 24A in years 1 and 2.**

Period	RY	Twinning Rate (%) (n)
	2010	37 (54)
Year 1	2011	52 (52)
Year 2	2012	43 (49)

#### 5) Costs specific to implementing Intensive Management

**Table 6. Cost (\$1000 = 1.0) of agency salary based on estimate of proportional time of field level staff and cost of operations for intensive management activities (e.g., predator control or habitat enhancement beyond normal Survey and Inventory work) performed by personnel in the Department or work by other state agencies (e.g., Division of Forestry) or**

contractors in Unit 24B during years 1 and 2. Fiscal year (FY) is also 1 July to 30 June but the year is one greater than the comparable RY (e.g, FY 2010 is 1 July 2009 to 30 June 2010).

Period	FY	Predation control <sup>a</sup>		Other IM activities		Total IM cost	Research cost <sup>d</sup>
		Time <sup>b</sup>	Cost <sup>c</sup>	Time	Cost <sup>c</sup>		
Year 1	2012	0.0	0.0	5.0	137.5	137.5	0.0
Year 2	2013	2.1	43.3	6.0	150.8	194.1	0.0
Year 3							
Year 4							
Year 5							
Year 6							

<sup>a</sup>State or private funds only.

<sup>b</sup>Person-months (22 days per month)

<sup>c</sup>Salary plus operations

<sup>d</sup>Separate from implementing IM program but beneficial for understanding of ecological or human response to management treatment (scientific approach that is not unique to IM).

**6) Department recommendations for annual evaluation (February 2014) following Year 2 for Unit 24B**

Has progress toward defined criteria been achieved? yes

Has achievement of success criteria occurred? no

Recommendation for IM practice(s): Continue predation control and monitoring.